# Teaching and Examination Schemes with Syllabus

of

# **Master of Technology**

in

# (Civil) Environmental Engineering

(Effective 2022-23)

(Approved by the SEC of Senate dated August 8, 2022)



Department of Civil Engineering SardarVallabhbhai National Institute of Technology, Surat

# Vision and Mission of the Institute

#### Vision

To be one of the leading Technical Institutes disseminating globally acceptable education, effective industrial training and relevant research output

#### Mission

To be a globally accepted centre of excellence in technical education catalyzing absorption, innovation, diffusion and transfer of high technologies resulting in enhanced quality for all the stake holders

# Vision and Mission of the Department

#### Vision

To be a global centre of excellence for creating competent professionals in Civil Engineering

#### Mission

- To provide excellent education producing technically competent, globally employable civil engineers who will be leaders in the chosen field
- To undertake research in conventional and advanced technologies fulfilling the needs and challenges of modern society
- To provide consultancy services and develop partnerships with society, industry and publicorganizations.
- To organize seminar, conferences, symposia and continuing education programmes foracademic and field community.

### **Foreword**

Master of Technology (M.Tech.) programme in Environmental Engineering which started in 1972 is one of the oldest PG programmes of the institute. The programme has produced large number of alumni who work in different part of the country and abroad as environmental entrepreneurs, academicians and as environmental engineers in industry/government. The curriculum of the programme is regularly revised taking inputs from industry and alumni. Rapid changes have occurred in the last few decades as the need for protecting the environment has become more obvious and pollution control regulations have become more stringent The curriculum has undergone changes to reflect these developments.

The syllabus includes core courses, electives, practicals, group project, summer training and dissertation. Through course work spread in the first two semesters, the students are exposed to various techniques and theory of environmental engineering. Through quizzes and assignments students' performance is continuously evaluated. Experiments are regularly updated with latest equipment and software. Dissertation spread over two semesters help students to comprehend a problem, analyse it and develop a detailed methodology to derive valid conclusions through a number of field, laboratory or simulated experiments.

# **Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)**

The graduates of the M.Tech. Environmental Engineering Programme will:

- Function successfully in a professional environment by utilizing and enhancing their problemsolving and communication skills.
- Pursue lifelong learning, and will be leaders, both in their chosen profession and in other activities
- Promote organizational success with consideration of cost and time management, and demonstrate global and societal awareness, while practicing and promoting ethical behaviour and stewardship of a sustainable environment.

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

The outcomes of the Master of Technology programme in Environmental Engineering are:

- An ability to independently carry out research /investigation and development work to solve practical problems.
- An ability to write and present a substantial technical report/document.
- Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the area as per the specialization of the program. The mastery should be at a level higher than the requirements in the appropriate Master program.

# **Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)**

- Graduates of the programme will effectively use comprehensive knowledge in environmental engineering to formulate and implement cost effective and sustainable solutions.
- Graduates will demonstrate their knowledge in environmental engineering to plan and manage any project as in individual/team member or leader serving their society ethically.
- Graduates will continue their life-long self-learning in environmental engineering and pursue research in relevant local, regional and global environmental engineering problems.

# Teaching Scheme M.Tech. in (Civil) Environmental Engineering

#### SEMESTER - I

Sr. No.	Course	Code		Teaching Scheme Hours per week		Credit	Examination Scheme			Total Marks
			L	T	P		Theory	Tutorial	Practical (ICE + ESE)*	
1	Physico-Chemical Processes	CEEN101	3	1	0	4	100	25	1	125
2	Biological Processes	CEEN102	3	1	0	4	100	25	-	125
3	Environmental Chemistry and Microbiology	CEEN103	4	0	0	4	100	-	-	100
4	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	CEEN104	3	1	0	4	100	25	-	125
5	Core Elective – 1	CEEN###	3	0	0	3	100	-	-	100
6	Environmental Eng. Laboratory	CEEN105	0	0	4	2	-	-	40+60	100
7	Seminar	CEEN106	0	0	2	1	-	-	20+30	50
		Total	16	3	6	22	500	75	150	725

<sup>\*</sup> Internal continuous evaluation + End-semester evaluation

#### **Core Elective 1**

CEEN110 Noise, Indoor Air and Odour Pollution

CEEN111 Sustainable Waste Management System

CEEN112 Environmental Hydraulics

CEEN113 GIS and Remote Sensing in Environmental Engineering

#### SEMESTER - II

Sr. No.	Course	Code			Credit				Total Marks	
			L	T	P		Theory	Tutorial	Practical (ICE + ESE)	
1	Air Pollution and Control	CEEN201	3	1	0	4	100	25	-	125
2	Environmental Legislation and Impact Assessment	CEEN202	3	0	0	3	100	-	-	100
3	Core Elective-2	CEEN###	3	0	0	3	100	-	-	100
4	Core Elective-3	CEEN###	3	0	0	3	100	-	-	100
5	Open Elective		3	0	0	3	100	-	-	100
6	Advanced Environmental Eng. Laboratory	CEEN203	0	0	4	2	-		40+60	100
7	Environmental Modelling and Software Laboratory	CEEN204	0	0	4	2	-	-	40+60	100
		Total	15	1	8	20	500	25	200	725

#### **Core Elective 2**

CEEN210 Applied Statistics for Engineers

CEEN211 Occupational Health, Safety and Environment

CEEN212 Waste-to-Energy Technologies

CEEN213 Advanced Water and Wastewater Treatment

#### **Core Elective 3**

CEEN220 Industrial WasteManagement

CEEN221 Environmental System Modelling

CEEN222 Environmental Ethics, Law & Policy

CEEN223 Cleaner Production and Environmental Management System

#### **Open Elective**

CEEN230Environmental Legislation and Impact Assessment

CEEN231 Applied Statistics for Engineers

CEEN232 Occupational Health, Safety and Environment

CEEN233Waste-to-Energy Technologies

CECS203 AI/ML Based Applications in Civil Engineering

### SEMESTER – III

Sr. No.	Course	Code	Teaching Scheme Hours per week		Credit	Examination Scheme Credit		on Scheme	Total Marks	
			L	T	P		Theory	Tutorial	Practical (ICE + ESE)	
1	Group Project	CEEN301	0	0	4	2	-	-	40+60	100
2	Summer Training	CEEN302	0	0	0	2	-	-	40+60	100
3	Dissertation Preliminary	CEEN303	0	0	12	6	-	-	80+120	200
		Total	0	0	16	10	0	0	400	400

### SEMESTER – IV

Sr. No.	Course	Code	Teaching Scheme Hours per week		Examination Scheme  Credit			on Scheme	Total Marks	
			L	T	P		Theory	Tutorial	Practical (ICE + ESE)	
1	Dissertation	CEEN401	0	0	24	12	ı	-	160+240	400
		Total	0	0	24	12	1	•	160+240	400

**Total Credits: 64** 

#### **Assessment of Performance**

#### **Assessment of Theory Courses**

The evaluation pattern for the theory courses, as of now, shall be as under:

Mid-semester examination: 30 marks Assignment/Quizzes: 20 marks Tutorials (if applicable): 25 marks End-semester exam: 50 marks

The mid- and end-semester examinations are of 1.5 hours and 3 hours, respectively.

#### **Assessment of Seminar**

Internal assessment of 40% weightage by guide(s) and Final assessment of 60% weightage by a panel of examiners

#### **Assessment of Dissertation/Projects**

Internal assessment of 40% weightage by guide(s) Final assessment of 60% weightage by a panel of examiners including an examiner from outside the institute

For more details please refer to the institute website <a href="https://www.svnit.ac.in/Data/Notice/AcademicRegulations2013-2014.pdf">https://www.svnit.ac.in/Data/Notice/AcademicRegulations2013-2014.pdf</a>

### **Course-wise Detailed Syllabus**

#### <u>SEMESTER – I</u>

#### CEEN101PHYSICO-CHEMICAL PROCESSES

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Describe physical and chemical phenomena that form the basis for the design of unit processes.
CO2	Use the theoretical knowledge of corresponding physical and chemical phenomena in the treatment
	processes.
CO3	Design physico-chemical treatment processes to meet treatment goals for a given pollution scenario.
CO4	Apply advanced treatment processes for treating water and wastewater.
CO5	Develop conceptual schematics for the treatment of water and wastewater.

#### 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (02 Hours)

Physico-chemical processes to control water/wastewater pollution –Flowchart.

#### • SEDIMENTATION AND COAGULATION

(10 Hours)

Types of settling and their mathematical analysis – Coagulation: mechanism of coagulation – Colloidal chemistry – Modelling coagulation process – Effect of turbidity and alkalinity – Chemistry of coagulants – Design of coagulation process.

#### • FLOW THROUGH BEDS OF SOLIDS

(12 Hours)

Type of filters – Modelling filtration process – Mechanism– Ion exchange units – Contacting towers – Flow through expanded beds – Flow through porous plates and membranes.

#### GAS TRANSFER AND DISINFECTION

**(08 Hours)** 

Mechanism of gas transfer – Film coefficients and equilibrium relationship – Gas disperses – Packed columns – Tray columns – Spray units – Applications in environmental engineering – Disinfection – Mechanisms– Different agents.

#### • ADVANCED TREATMENT OPERATIONS

(13 Hours)

Adsorption – Isotherms – Softening – Ion exchange – Removal of specific chemical contaminants such as fluorides, arsenic, nitrates and trace organics. Advanced Oxidation Processes - Membrane processes – Reverse osmosis – Electro-dialysis – Desalination

(TotalLectures:45Hours)

#### 3. References

- 1. Benefield L.D. and Randall C.D., "Biological Process Designs for Wastewater Treatment", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1980.
- 2. Metcalf and Eddy, "Wastewater Engineering Collection, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. Udo Wiesmann, In Su Choi and Eva-Maria Dombrowski, "Fundamentals of Biological Wastewater Treatment", Wiley, New York, 2007.
- 4. Weber W., "Physicochemical Processes for Water Quality Control", Wiley-Inderscience,

New York, 1972.

5. Hendricks, D. "Water Treatment Unit Processes – Physical and Chemical", CRC Press, New York 2006.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	0	3	2	2	2
CO2	3	0	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	1	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	1	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	2

#### CEEN102 BIOLOGICAL PROCESSES

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain reactions, reactors and biological treatment processes.
CO2	Understand concepts of microbial growth and substrate utilization.
CO3	Differentiate various biological processes.
CO4	Design various biological treatment process units.
CO5	Design nutrient removal through biological processes.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### • REACTORS ANDREACTORANALYSIS

(10 Hours)

Reactions and reaction kinetics-Types of reactors and their analysis-Hydraulic characteristics of reactors.

#### • KINETICSOFBIOLOGICALGROWTH

**(08 Hours)** 

Nutrition and growth conditions – Effect of environmental conditions–Bacterial growth in terms of numbers and mass–Growth curve–Interpretation of curve–Substrate limited growth–Monod's expression – Substrate utilization and cell growth – Effect of Endogenous metabolism – Inhibition–Effect of temperature–Application of growth and substrate removal kinetics to biological treatment.

#### AEROBICPROCESSES

(12Hours)

Suspended and attached growth systems – Modelling suspended growth – Activated sludgeprocess—Typesandtheirdesignconcepts—Differentattachedgrowthsystemsandtheir designconcepts.—AdvancedBiological Processes like MBR, MBBR, IFAS, Aerobic Granular Sludge Technology.

#### ANAEROBICTREATMENTPROCESSES

(06Hours)

Microbiology-Different types-Design considerations of UASB and attached growth systems.

#### • NUTRIENTREMOVALANDPONDTREATMENTPROCESSES

(06 Hours)

Biological processes for nitrogen and phosphorus removal— Nitrification and Denitrification processes and their design concepts—Different pondtreatment systems

#### • BIOLOGICALPROCESSESFORSLUDGEPROCESSING

(03Hours)

Anaerobicandaerobicdigestion.

(TotalLectures:45Hours)

#### 3. References

- 1. MetcalfandEddyInc, "WastewaterEngineering:TreatmentandReuse", TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi, 2007.
- 2. Benefield L.D. and Randall C.W., "Biological Process Design for Wastewater Treatment", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1980.
- 3. Qasim S. R., "Wastewater Treatment Plants: Planning, Design, and Operation", 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, CRC Press, NewDelhi, 1998.
- 4. KariaG.L.andChristianR.A.,
  - "WastewaterTreatment:ConceptsandDesignApproach",PrenticeHall,NewDelhi, 2013.
- 5. Hendricks, D., "WaterTreatment UnitProcesses-Physicaland Chemical", CRCPress

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	0	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	0	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	0	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	1	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	1	3	3	3	3

# CEEN103 ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY AND MICROBIOLOGY

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

#### <u>1.</u> Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify the suitable treatment processes for water and wastewater.
CO2	Explain use of chemistry and microbiology in water and wastewater treatment units.
CO3	Evaluate the physico-chemical and microbial characteristics.
CO4	Understand the significance of bio-kinetics and chemical reactions in environmental engineering
CO5	Apply knowledge of chemistry and microbiology for solving various environmental issues.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY**

(30 Hours)

• BASIC PRINCIPLES

(10 Hours)

Physical and chemical properties of water and their significance in environmental engineering –Types of chemical reactions – stoichiometric calculations – solutions - chemical equilibrium. Acid-base equilibria – alkalinity, acidity, buffers and buffer index - Chemical thermodynamics – Oxidation–Reduction.

#### • TRANSPORT PROCESSES

(08 Hours)

Mass transfer and transport of impurities in water and air – diffusion, dispersion – Physical and chemical interactions due to various forces, suspensions and dispersions.

• ANALYSIS (12 Hours)

Basic concepts of quantitative analytical chemistry – Instrumental methods of analysis – Significance of turbidity, colour, pH, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, residual chlorine and chlorine demand, chlorides, dissolved oxygen demand, BOD, COD, nitrogen, solids, iron and manganese, fluoride, sulphate, phosphorous and phosphate, grease, volatile acids, gas analysis – Preparation of standard solutions – Drinking water and wastewater standards – Trace organics and inorganics

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

(30hours)

INTRODUCTION

(10 Hours)

Microorganisms-Classification, prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, structure, characteristics, nucleic acids, DNA and RNA, Viruses, their detection and quantification-Microscopy-Measurements and Isolation of Microorganism-Different Cultures-Media and Techniques of Staining.

#### MICROBIAL METABOLISM AND GROWTH

(10Hours)

Enzyme and enzyme kinetics – Metabolism – Respiration – Fermentation – Glycolysis – Kreb's cycle – Carbohydrate – Protein, lipids, significance of energetic – Chemical composition of cell and nature of organic matter used by microorganisms – Metabolic classification of microorganisms: phototrops, chemotrops, applications in environmental engineering.

#### • MICROBIOLOGY OF WATER AND WASTEWATER

(10Hours)

Distribution of microorganisms in natural water – Indicator organisms – Coliforms – Faecal coliforms – E.coli, Streptococcus faecalis – Differentiation of coliforms – Significance – MPN – M.F. techniques – Microbiology of wastewater treatment processes such as activated sludge process – Trickling filter – Anaerobic processes. – Introduction to Microbiology of Soil, Air, Marine and Industrial Microbiology – Microbiology of bioremediation and solid waste treatment.

(TotalLectures:60Hours)

#### 3. References

- 1. Sawyer C.N., McCarty P.L., and Parkin G.F., "Chemistry for Environmental Engineers", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Benefield, J. and Weand, "Process Chemistry for Water and Wastewater Treatment", Prentice Hall, New Delhi.1996.

- 3. Rittman B., McCarty P.L. and McCarty P., "Environmental Biotechnology: Principles and Applications", McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Pelczar Jr, M.J., Chan E.C.S., Krieg R.N., and Pelczar M.F, "Microbiology", Tata McGraw–Hill, New Delhi, 1996.
- 5. Maier R.M, Pepper I.L and Gerba C.P., "Environmental Microbiology", Elsevier-AP, New York 2009.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	3	2	2
CO2	1	0	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

#### CEEN104SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Recognize solid and hazardous waste management issues and its legal aspects.
CO2	Identify solid and hazardous waste characteristics.
CO3	Develop collection, transportation and processing of waste management system.
CO4	Develop waste management facility of waste management system.
CO5	Design disposal and treatment facility for solid and hazardous waste.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### • INTRODUCTION (06 Hours)

Solid waste sources – Nature and characteristics – Quantities and Qualities – Generation rates – Potential of disease – Nuisance and other problems – Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016and amendments, Characterization and composition of hazardous waste, Hazardous and other wastes (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules – 2016.

#### • COLLECTION, STORAGE AND TRANSPORT OF SOLID WASTE (10 Hours)

Solid waste management – Functional elements of solid waste–on–site storage –Collection and separation – Containers and its location – Collection systems and its example – physical, chemical and microbiological characteristics of waste – Vehicle routing – Route balance – Transfer station – Processing – Recovery and reuse.

#### PROCESSING OF SOLID WASTE

(11 Hours)

Conveying and compacting waste – Shredding – Types of shredders – Shredders Design–Material separation – Types – Devices for material separation – Thermal processing of municipal solid waste – incinerator and pyrolysis – Refuse Derived fuel – Biological process like composting, vermi-composting and bio-methanation, City compost plant, Waste to Energy plant.

#### DISPOSAL OF SOLID WASTE

**(06 Hours)** 

Disposal methods – Sanitary land filling – Planning – Site selection – Design – Landfill Process – Monitoring Closure – Post closure monitoring – Other methods like incineration, pyrolysis, and composting, biological digestion.

#### • INDUSTRIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

**(06 Hours)** 

Introduction to hazardous waste – Definition – TCLP test – Storage and transportation of hazardous waste – Labeling of hazardous waste – Physical, Chemical and Biological treatment of hazardous waste – Bioremediation of hazardous waste – Treatment of Bio medical – Nuclear waste and Radio – Active waste – Fly ash management and E-waste management.

#### • SPECIALIZED WASTE MANAGEMENT

**(06 Hours)** 

Construction & demolition waste management - Plastic waste management - Bio-medical waste management - Radioactive waste - Fly ash management - e-Waste management - Cement co-processing - Circular economy.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### 3. References

- 1. Rimbers D., "Municipal Solid Waste Management: Pollution Technologies Review", Noyes Data Corporation, London. 1990.
- 2. Wentz C. A., "Hazardous Waste Management", McGraw Hill International Edition, New York. 1995.
- 3. Tchobanoglous G., "Solid Wastes: Engineering principles and Management issues", McGraw Hill Book Company, Delhi. 2007.
- 4. Lagrega M. D., Buckingham P. L., Evans J. C., "Hazardous Waste Management", McGraw Hill, New York. 1994
- 5. Solid Waste Management: CPHEEO Manual, New Delhi, 2016.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	3

#### **CORE ELECTIVE – 1**

#### CEEN110NOISE, INDOOR AIR AND ODOURPOLLUTION

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

#### <u>1.</u> Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Interpret the legal provisions and statutory requirements of noise, air and odour pollution.
CO2	Demonstrate the understanding of basic science of noise and indoor air propagation.
CO3	Analyze the effects and impacts arising from noise, indoor air and odour pollution.
CO4	Compare and select methods of improving indoor environmental quality systems.
CO5	Design of noise maps and mitigation measures using mathematical models and softwares.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### INDOOR AIR POLLUTION: BASICS

(03 Hours)

Indoor air quality, indoor air pollution sources, health effects of various indoor air pollutants, household pollutants, principles & types of ventilation, various types of air conditioning systems. Instruments for indoor air quality parameters like  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ ,  $CO_2$ , VOCs, Bio-aerosols.

#### • INDOOR AIR POLLUTION: IMPACTS & CONTROL TECHNIQUES

(06 Hours)

Impact of aerosol properties on indoorair quality, construction materials and indoor air quality, impact of PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, Formaldehyde, Carbon Monoxide, VOCs on human health, Sick Building Syndrome, strategies for indoor air pollution control.

#### • SOUND AND NOISE: BASICSAND LEGISLATION

**(08 Hours)** 

Sound, noise, physiology of hearing, frequency, wavelength, speed, loudness of sound, sound pressure and sound pressure level, equivalent noise level, noise indices, frequency and octave bands, A and C weighted frequencies, charts for addition and subtraction of sound pressure levels, Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules 2000.

#### • NOISE POLLUTION: SOURCES & IMPACTS

(10 Hours)

Noise pollution sources, effects of noise pollution, auditory and non-auditory effects, calculation of hearing handicap, CPCB ambient noise standards, OSHA noise standards for work place, WHO hearing loss standards.

#### NOISE CONTROL TECHNIQUES AND MODELLING

(12 Hours)

Mitigation of noise at source - use of PPEs - noise barrier design - use of softwares' like SOUNDPLAN, CADNA, LIMA –application of mathematical noise prediction models like FHWA, CoRTN, RLS-90 - use of neuro-fuzzy, genetic algorithm optimization, neural networks in noise modelling.

#### ODOUR POLLUTION

**(06 Hours)** 

Chemicals and processes responsible, elements of odour, odour threshold and character, strategies for odour pollution control.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### 3. References

1. Wang L. K., Pereira N. C., Hung Y., "Advanced air and noise pollution control", Humana Press, New Jersey (2005).

- 2. Bugliarello G., Alexander A., Barnes J. and Wakstein C., "The Impact of Noise Pollution: A Socio-Technological Introduction", Pergamon Press Inc., USA. (2004).
- 3. CPCB Manual on Guidelines On Odour Pollution and Its Control, May 2008.
- 4. Relevant MoEF&CC Notifications and CPCB Acts & Rules: Weblinks 1) https://cpcb.nic.in/index.php 2) https://moef.gov.in/en/rules-and-regulations/environment-protection/ 3) https://cpcb.nic.in/general-standards/

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	3

#### **CORE ELECTIVE – 1**

#### CEEN111SUSTAINABLE WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Introduce the concept of sustainability.
CO2	Understand the ecological and natural treatment systems.
CO3	Understand the concept and design of water conservation techniques.
CO4	Design of natural and decentralized treatment systems.
CO5	Design of various systems for waste management.

#### 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (06 Hours)

Concept of sustainability in water and waste management – Ecology, relationship between ecology, environment and waste management - Environmental indices- Bio remediation

#### • WATER CONSERVATION AND REUSE

(12 Hours)

Rainwater Harvesting – Roof water harvesting – Technology – Quality – Health issues –Groundwater recharge – Techniques – Greywater – Zero Liquid Discharge - Case studies – Wastewater reuse and reclamation.

#### • NATURAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS

(10 Hours)

Centralized Vs decentralized – Natural and constructed wetlands – Different types – Mechanisms – Performance – Design – Case studies – Land treatment systems.

#### LOW-COST SANITATION

**(08 Hours)** 

Dry sanitation methods – Pit latrines – VIP latrines – Aquaprivy– Septic tank- Waterless urinals

#### • SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

(09 **Hours**)

Composting/vermicomposting – Liquid fertilizer – Biogas technology – Waste to Energy Technologies - Plasma technology.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### 3. References

- 1. Cites R.W., Middlebrooks E.J., Reed S.C., "Natural wastewater treatment systems", CRC Taylor and Francis, 2006.
- 2. Cairncross S., Feachem R., "Environmental health engineering in the tropics", John Wiley & Sons, 1993.
- 3. White, I.D, Mottershed, D.N and Harrison, S.L., "Environmental Systems: An Introductory Text", Chapman Hall, London, 1994.
- 4. Tchobanoglous G., "Solid Wastes: Engineering principles and management issues", McGraw Hill Book Company, Delhi. 2007.
- 5. Martin, A.M., "Biological Degradation of Wastes", Elsevier Appl. Science, New York, 1991.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	1	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

#### **CORE ELECTIVE – 1**

#### CEEN112ENVIRONMENTAL HYDRAULICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the concepts of fluid flow analysis.
CO2	Compare different methods of network analysis.
CO3	Analyze water distribution system network with various tools and techniques.
CO4	Design storm water and sewerage network system.
CO5	Develop the hydraulic flow diagram for a treatment plant.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### • FUNDAMENTALS (06 Hours)

Basic equations for fluid flow analyses including Reynolds transport theorem – Basic concepts of flow through pipes.

#### • WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DESIGN

(10 Hours)

General design requirements – Methods of analyses – Control of water hammer in long distance transmission. – Introduction to optimization of water distribution system.

#### • URBAN STORM DRAINAGE DESIGN

(11 Hours)

Introduction to drainage problems in difficult climates. – Planning concepts, Rainfall intensity-duration – Frequency curves. – Design of drainage system elements, – Control of storm water pollution.

#### • SEWERAGE SYSTEM AND SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT DESIGN

(10 Hours)

General design principles of sewers, Recent Development in sewerage system design – Application of softwares - Hydraulic design of STP- CETP design

#### • GROUND WATER MANAGEMENT

(08 Hours)

Well development – Artificial recharge – Salinity of ground water – Ground water pollution – Infiltration gallery – Central Ground Water Authority guidelines, 2015 -

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### <u>3.</u> References

- 1. Chow V.T., "Flow through open channel", McGraw Hill Book Company, International edition, New Delhi.1973.
- 2. Ranga Raju K.G., "Flow through Open Channels", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1997.
- 3. Bhave P.R and Gupta R., "Analysis of Water Distribution Networks", Alpha Scientific, 2006.
- 4. Bear J., "Hydraulics of ground water", McGraw Hill Inc. 1979.
- 5. Water Supply and Treatment Manuals: CPHEEO, New Delhi, 2016.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	0	3	1	2	2
CO2	2	0	3	2	2	2
CO3	2	0	3	2	2	3
CO4	2	1	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	3

#### **CORE ELECTIVE – 1**

#### CEEN113GIS AND REMOTE SENSING IN ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

L	T	P	С
3	0	0	3

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the Remote Sensing and GIS system for different data types.
CO2	Execute different techniques of image interpretation and processing.
CO3	Create different types of thematic maps.
CO4	Apply various spatial data analysis techniques.
CO5	Analyze and solve complex environmental engineering problems using GIS and Remote Sensing.

#### 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (05 Hours)

Introduction to GIS and Remote Sensing – Usefulness in Environmental Engineering

#### • GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

(10 Hours)

Components of GIS - GIS Data - Georeferenced data - Data input and output - Data Models - DBMS

#### • FUNDAMENTAL OF REMOTE SENSING

(10 Hours)

Definition – Components of Remote Sensing – Principles of Remote Sensing Energy Sources – Active and Passive Remote Sensing – Electro Magnetic Radiation (EMR) and the Electromagnetic Spectrum – Interaction of EMR with the Earth's Surface – Interactions with the Atmosphere

#### • IMAGE INTERPRETATION AND DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

**(10 Hours)** 

Interpretation Procedure – Strategies – Keys – Equipments – Digital Image Processing – Rectification and Restoration

#### • GEOSPATIAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS

(10 Hours)

GIS and image interpretation software – Salient features – Capabilities and Limitations - Methods - Measurements - Analysis – GEO visualization, application of Remote Sensing / GIS in Environmental Engineering – Case studies – Integration of GIS and Remote Sensing – Management and Monitoring of land, air, water pollution – conservation of resources and coastal zone management – Landuse planning.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### <u>3.</u> <u>References</u>

- 1. Lilliesand T.M. and Kiefer R.W., "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", John Wiley and Sons, 1994.
- 2. Burrrough P.A and McDonnel R.A., "Principles of Geographic Information Systems", Oxford university press, 1998
- 3. Chandra A. M. and Ghosh S. K., "Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2006
- 4. Bhatta B.,"Remote Sensing and GIS", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008

5. Aronoff S., "Geographical Information Systems", WDL Publications, Ottawa, Canada, 1989.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	1	2	1
CO2	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO3	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	1	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

# CEEN105 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY-I

L	T	P	С
0	0	4	2

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the sampling methods for water and wastewater.
CO2	Analyze the physico-chemical and biological characteristics of a given sample.
CO3	Select the treatment option based on the sample characteristics.
CO4	Evaluate the impacts of water and wastewater quality on environment.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### • CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS

(30Hours)

- 1. Water & wastewater sampling and preservation techniques.
- 2. Determination of physical characteristics of water and waste water like pH, Turbidity, electrical conductivity, Solids.
- 3. Determination of Total Hardness, Calcium Hardness, Magnesium Hardness of water sample
- 4. Determination of Chlorides, Nitrates, Phosphate and Sulphate of water sample.
- 5. Determination of Residual chlorine of water sample
- 6. Study of Jar test for different coagulant dose.
- 7. Determination of DO, BOD and COD of waste water sample
- 8. Determination of oil and grease of waste water sample
- 9. Determination of Ammonical Nitrogen, Nitrates and Sulphates of waste water sample
- 10. Determination of Heavy metals from industrial waste

#### • MICROBIOLOGY PRACTICALS

(30 Hours)

- 1. Study of Compound and Phase Microscope.
- 2. Study of staining technique.
- 3. Study of isolation techniques for bacteria.
- 4. Determination of Residual chlorine of water sample.
- 5. Study of MPN test and multiple tube technique.
- 6. Application of Plate count method for bacterial growth.
- 7. Effects of pH on growth of bacteria.
- 8. Effects of Osmotic Pressure on growth of bacteria.

(Total: 60 Hours)

#### 3. References

- 1. Sawyer C.N., McCarty P.L., and Parkin G.F., "Chemistry for Environmental Engineers", 4th Edn. McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Benefield, Judkins and Weand, "Process Chemistry for Water and Wastewater Treatment", 2nd edition Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1980.
- 3. Rittman B., McCarty P.L. and McCarty P., "Environmental Biotechnology: Principles and Applications", 2nd edition, McGraw-Hill, 2000.
- 4. De. A.K., "Environmental Chemistry", New Age International Ltd., New Delhi, 1995.
- 5. "Standards Methods for the Examination of Water & Waste water", 21<sup>st</sup> Edition, American Public health Association, Washington. D.C. 2005.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO2	2	3	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3

#### **CEEN106 SEMINAR**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Collect the information on given specific area/topic.
CO2	Update with latest knowledge through exhaustive literature survey
CO3	Collate the information to prepare a report.
CO4	Communicate effectively through skillful presentation.

#### 2. Syllabus:

- Each candidate is required to present one seminar on any chosen topic connected with the field of specialization. The topic shall be chosen in consultation with the concerned faculty. Preparation and Presentation of a seminar is intended to investigate an in–depth review of literature; to prepare a critical review and to develop confidence for making a good presentation. Assessment is based on the presentation and contents of the seminar report prepared. A report has to be submitted in the prescribed format and seminar shall be evaluated by the respective department committee.
- Expert Lectures can be arranged from various Environmental Consultants so that can student can get the exposure to field related problem

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1	1	2	3
CO2	3	3	1	1	2	3
CO3	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO4	1	3	1	1	2	2

#### <u>SEMESTER – II</u>

#### CEEN201 AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify the air pollutants sources and understand their fate and transport under various
	meteorological conditions.
CO2	Demonstrate the understanding of basic science of air pollutants propagation and meteorology.
CO3	Analyze the effects and impacts arising from air pollutants.
CO4	Simulate air pollution concentrations using various mathematical, numerical models and softwares.
CO5	Design and apply pollution control devices for different environmental conditions.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### • AIR POLLUTION: BASICS AND STANDARDS

**(06 Hours)** 

Air Pollution – Definition – Sources and classification – Air Pollutants: Effects on human health, vegetation, materials and atmosphere –Ambient air quality monitoring and stack emission sampling – Principles of various instruments used in air quality monitoring – Sensor based analysers.

#### • AIR QUALITY INDEX AND STANDARDS

**(08 Hours)** 

Source apportionment and emission inventory - Smoke, ozone layer, smog, haze and visibility - Air Quality Index (AQI)- SAFAR - Air quality standards and legislation.

#### • METEOROLOGY AND DIFFUSION/DISPERSION MODELS

**(15 Hours)** 

Introduction air pollution meteorology – Atmospheric motion – Lapse rates – Atmospheric stability – Inversions and its effects on pollutants – Atmospheric diffusion of pollutants – Transport – Transformation and deposition of air contaminants – Removal processes – Maximum Mixing Depths – Plume rise – Types of dispersion models like Gaussian Plume, Box, Line, Area.

#### • AIR POLLUTION CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES: PARTICULATES

(10 Hours)

Settling chambers, cyclone separation – Wet collectors – Fabric filters, electrostatic precipitators and other removal methods like absorption – Adsorption and precipitation.

#### • AIR POLLUTION CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES: GASEOUS POLLUTANTS (

(06 **Hours**)

Removal of gaseous pollutants by adsorption, absorption, reactions and other methods.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### 3. <u>References</u>

- 1. Wark K and Warner C.F., Air pollution its origin and control. Harper and Row Publishers, New York, 1997.
- 2. Rao C.S., Environmental pollution control Engineering, New age international Ltd, New Delhi, 1995.
- 3. De Nevers H. Air Pollution Control Engineering, Mc Graw Hill, New York, 1995.
- 4. Griffin R.D., Principles of Air Quality Management. CRC Press Boca Raton, USA, 2000.
- 5. Richard W. Boubel, Fundamentals of Air pollution, Academic Press, New York, 1994.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

# CEEN202 ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION AND IMPACT ASSESSMENT

L	T	P	C	
3	0	0	3	

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Interpret and explain the objectives and scope of EIA.
CO2	Categorize the importance of environmental attributes.
CO3	Describe the legal provisions and statutory requirement of environmental clearance.
CO4	Calculate the identification and prediction of environmental impacts of new/expansion projects.
CO5	Formulate an EIA for any given project.

#### 2. Syllabus

#### • IMPACT ASSESSMENT: TYPES AND SIGNIFICANCE

(03 Hours)

Types of impacts, significant impacts, various impact assessments viz. health impact assessment, social impact assessment, disaster impact assessment, strategic environmental assessment.

#### • EIA: INTRODUCTION & PLANNING

**(06 Hours)** 

Evolution of EIA; EIA at project; regional and policy levels; EIA legislative and environmental clearance procedures in India; EIA Rules-1994 and subsequent amendments, Rapid and Comprehensive EIA.

#### • EIA: METHODOLOGIES AND STRATEGIES

(14 Hours)

Screening, baseline data collection, environmental inventory of physical, biological and socio-economic environment attributes, terms of reference, scoping, identification of impacts, rapid and comprehensiveEIA, monitoring, analysis and report preparation in EIA, impact prediction tools / techniques such as adhocmethod, checklist method, development of environment management plan, post project monitoring.

#### • PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

(03 Hours)

Project Affected Persons, significance of public participation in EIA, methods of public consultation – Public Notice and Public Hearing, Resettlement and rehabilitation issues, Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013.

#### • EIA CASE STUDIES

(10 Hours)

Case studies / histories for different types of projects like metro rail project, nuclear power project, large hydro-electric power project, pharmaceutical industry, township and area development projects.

#### • NATIONAL ACTS & RULES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (09)

(09 Hours

Indian environmental legislation and acts such as Water Act-1974, Air Act-1981, Wildlife Protection Act-1972, Forest Conservation Act-1980, Public Liability Insurance Act 1991, Environment Protection Act (EPA) – 1986; Various Rules under EPA-1986 such as Biomedical Waste Rules-1998 2016, Coastal Regulation Zone-1999, Municipal Solid Waste rules, Hazardous Waste Rules-2016, Noise Regulation & Control Rules-2000, National Green Tribunal, NGT Act-2010, Case studies of landmark judgements given by NGT and various Courts.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

#### 3. <u>References</u>

- 1. Larry W. Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", Tata McGraw Hill Co, Singapore, 1996.
- 2. Munn R.E., "Environmental Impact Assessment", John Wiley & Sons, Toronto, 1979

3. Suresh K. Dhameja, "Environmental Engineering and Management", S. K. Kataria& Sons, Delhi. 2004.

#### 4. Relevant MoEF&CC Notifications and CPCB Acts & Rules:

 $We blinks-1)\ https://cpcb.nic.in/index.php\ 2)\ https://moef.gov.in/en/rules-and-regulations/environment-protection/\ 3)\ https://cpcb.nic.in/general-standards/$ 

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	1	2
CO3	1	3	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	1	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

#### **CORE ELECTIVE – 2**

#### CEEN210APPLIED STATISTICS FOR ENGINEERS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze and interpret engineering data.
CO2	Use hypothesis testing for various cases.
CO3	Apply different sampling distributions to engineering data.
CO4	Develop simple linear regression and correlation.
CO5	Design statistical experiments.

#### 2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION (07 Hours)

Graphical presentation of data: dot and scatter plots – Frequency distribution and histogram – Box plot and time plots – Numerical distribution of data: Measures of Central tendency – Dispersion – Skewness and kurtosis – Measuring association – Grouped data.

#### • SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS

(10 Hours)

Random variables and expectation – Discrete and continuous random variables – Sampling distributions – Important discrete distributions – Binomial – Poisson and geometric distributions – Normal distribution – Central limit theorem.

#### PARAMETER ESTIMATION

**(06 Hours)** 

Point estimation - Confidence interval estimation.

#### • TESTS OF HYPOTHESIS

**(08 Hours)** 

Tests of hypothesis on single sample and two samples - Goodness of fit - Tests based on Normal - t - Chi-square - F distributions.

#### SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION AND CORRELATION

**(06 Hours)** 

One way and two way classification.

#### DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

**(08 Hours)** 

Completely randomized single factor experiment – Analysis of variance – Randomized block design – Latin square design –  $2^2$  factorial design.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

### 3. References:

- 1. Box G.E.P, Hunter J.S. and Hunter W.G., "Statistics for Experimenters", John Wiley and Sons, 2005
- 2. Berthouex P.M and Brown L.C., "Statistics for Environmental Engineers", CRC Press, 2002.
- 3. Freund J.E. and Miller I.R., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Prentice-Hall of India, 1994.

- 4. Walpole R.E. Myers R.H., Myers S.L. and Ye K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Johnson D. E., "Applied multivariate methods for data analysis", Thomson &Duxbburg Press, Singapore, 2002.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	3	3	2	2
CO2	1	1	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	2	3

# CEEN211OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify and explicate the inter-relationship of industries and the government in context to
	occupational health, environment and safety.
CO2	Understand the statutory requirement of safety and environmental legislation.
CO3	Apply theories and concepts of occupational health and safety for workplace environment.
CO4	Develop and implement safe operating procedures (SOPs) for various industrial activities.
CO5	Execute Health Safety Environment (HSE) policy and Environmental Management Systems.

# 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (05 Hours)

Safety – Safety and Productivity – Role of Government – National Safety Council – National Safety Awards – Housekeeping – Significance of occupation health in industries – Industries and environment protection.

#### • OCCUPATIONAL ENVIRONMENT – BASICS & STANDARDS

**(12 Hours)** 

Working environment TYPES – Health impacts in an occupational environment – Effects of environmental factors on human body & mind – Basics of environment design - Improved efficiency and accuracy at work. ISO 14000 introduction – General description of ISO 14001 – Environment Management System (EMS) – Key elements of ISO 14001 and EMS.

#### SAFETY – PLANNING, STANDARDS AND LEGISLATION

(11 Hours)

Safety Standards – HAZOP studies - ILO Model code of safety regulation / legislation – Risk Analysis – Risk Assessment – Indian Factories Act – Boiler Act – Electricity Act – Workman's compensation act - Purpose for planning – planning procedure – Range of plans – Safety policies – Elements and implementation of safety policy – Implementation – Disaster Management – On-site & Off-site emergency plan.

#### OCCUPATIONAL ERGONOMICS

(07 Hours)

Ergonomics – Human-body – Health – Posture – Workplace or office ergonomics – Ergonomics for women at work – physical work and environment – Anthropometry

#### OCCUPATIONAL STRESS AND HEATH

(10 Hours)

Work related stress – Causes of stress – Signs of stress – Measurement of stress – Stress management systems – Prevention – Stress health and productivity – Occupational safety and health Act – Health program – First Aid

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# <u>3.</u> References

- 1. Jain R. K. and Rao S. S., "Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi (2006)
- 2. Parashar& Bansal, "Industrial Safety and Environment", S.K. Kataria& sons, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Agrawal S. K., "Industrial Environment Assessment and Strategy", APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1996.
- 4. Slote L., "Handbook of Occupational Safety and Health", John Willey and Sons, New York
- 5. "Safety, health and working conditions: Training Manual", National Safety Council, Mumbai, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	1	2
CO3	1	3	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	1	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

#### CEEN212WASTE-TO-ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES

L	T	P	С
3	0	0	3

# <u>1.</u> Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify waste characteristics with respect to waste- to-energy technologies.
CO2	Compare different waste-to-energy technologies with respect to its applicability.
CO3	Evaluate waste-to-energy technologies with respect to sustainability perspective.
CO4	Design biological waste-to-energy systems.
CO5	Design thermal waste-to-energy systems.

### <u>2. Syllabus</u>

#### • CHARACTERIZATION OF SOLID WASTES

(10 hours)

Wastes and their classification, Important quality parameters, Wastes suitable for energy production, Municipal solid wastes and their availability in India, Characterisation of solid wastes, proximate and ultimate analysis, leaching properties, Energy content and heating value – Energy balance

#### INCINERATION AND GASIFICATION

**(13 hours)** 

Incineration scope and application, Mechanism, air requirements, Performance factors, Feedstock characteristics, Incinerator working, Environmental impacts and issues, Basics of gasification, gasification products, syngas, gasifier types, Gasifiers for biomass and wastes, Comparison between incineration and gasification, Syngas utilization

#### PYROLYSIS, GAS PURIFICATION

(09 hours)

Mechanism, types, operating conditions, end products, properties of bio-oil, Densification of solids, efficiency improvement of power plant and energy production from waste plastics. Properties of gas produced through different routes, Gas clean up, removal of particulates

#### ANAEROBIC PROCESSES

(09 hours)

Anaerobic processes fundamentals, microbiology, pathways, pre-treatment, types and operation of anaerobic digester, Design of anaerobic digesters, Introduction to microbial fuel cells. Energy production from wastes through fermentation

#### • ALGAL BIOMASS AND ENERGY PRODUCTION

**(04 hours)** 

Characteristics of algal biomass, Cultivation and growth of algae, Reactor systems and harvesting, Bio fuel production from algal biomass, Conversion processes, Factors affecting yield, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalyst.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# <u>3.</u> <u>References</u>

- 1. Rogoff M. J. and Screve F., "Waste-to-Energy: Technologies and Project Implementation", Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2019.
- 2. Young G. C., "Municipal Solid Waste to Energy Conversion Processes", John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, 2010.
- 3. Harker J. H. and Backhusrt J. R., "Fuel and Energy", Academic Press Inc., Cambridge, 1981.
- 4. Peavy H. S., Rowe D. R. and Tchobanoglous G., "Environmental Engineering", McGraw-Hill International Edition, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. Tchobanoglous G. and Kreith F., "Handbook of Solid Waste Management", McGraw-Hill, New York, 2002.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	3

# CEEN213ADVANCED WATER AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Design advanced treatment systems for water treayment
CO2	Design advanced systems for wastewater treatment
CO3	Design sludge treatment and disposal systems
CO4	Design various systems for nutrient removal and recovery
CO5	Design units for wastewater reuse

# 2. Syllabus

#### • ADVANCED WATER/WASTEWATER TREATMENT PROCESSES

**(25 Hours)** 

Membrane processes—Desalination — Reverse Osmosis, Electro-dialysis, Ceramic filters, Ion—exchange — Aeration/gas transfer — Precipitation — oxidation-reduction processes — Adsorption, heavy metal removal, evaporators

Advanced oxidation processes – Bio-electro systems - Air stripping

Advanced biological processes - modification of activated sludge process- modelling of biological wastewater treatment systems - Nutrient removal and recovery processes - Design of disposal systems

#### • SLUDGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

(12 Hours)

Comparison of different sludge treatment systems – disposal of sludge – advantages and disadvantages – sludge reuse

• WATER REUSE (8 Hours)

Need for wastewater reuse, greywater reuse, different uses - standards, processes for treatment - risks assessment

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# <u>3.</u> <u>References</u>

- 1. Qasim S.R., Motley E.M. and Zhu G., "Water Works Engineering", Prentice-Hall India, 2006.
- 2. Montgomery, "Water Treatment Principles and Design", John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. Metcalf and Eddy, "Wastewater Engineering: Treatment, and Reuse", Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 4. Manual on water supply and treatment", CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 5. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment", CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi, 1993.

Pe	O1 PO	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3

CO1	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO2	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	1	3	3	3	3

#### CEEN220INDUSTRIAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	С
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the impact of industrial wastewater on environment.
CO2	Quantify and characterize waste generated from different industrial processes.
CO3	Apply industrial pollution prevention techniques.
CO4	Design wastewater treatment plant for a given industry.
CO5	Design advanced waste management system.

# 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (10 Hours)

Sources of wastes – Industrial and domestic – Nature and characteristics of wastewater – Industrial wastewater and environmental impacts – Regulatory requirements for treatment of industrial wastewater – Quality and quantity of industrial wastes –Evaluation of pollution prevention – physical, chemical and biological process. Prevention vs Control of Industrial Pollution – Benefits and Barriers – Decommissioning of industrial projects.

#### • INDUSTRIAL POLLUTION PREVENTION

(10 Hours)

Waste minimization – Source reduction Techniques – waste volume reduction - Waste strength reduction – Neutralization – Removal of suspended and colloidal solids – Removal of inorganic and dissolved solids – reduction of wastewater at point source.

#### • ADVANCE WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT

(12 Hours)

Waste Audit – Mass Balance - Toxicity of industrial effluents and Bioassay tests - Individual and common effluent treatment plants – Zero liquid discharge (ZLD) systems – Multiple Effect Evaporator (MEE), Advanced Oxidation, Wet Air Oxidation, Wastewater quality requirements for its reuse. Quantification and characteristics of Sludge – Thickening, conditioning, digestion, dewatering and sludge disposal

• CASE STUDIES (13 Hours)

Industrial manufacturing process description—source of wastewater—Wastewater characterization - effect of wastewater on receiving water and sewers—waste treatment flow sheet for Textiles, Tanneries, Pulp and paper, Pharmaceuticals, Sugar, Steel, Fertilizer, Oil and Petrochemicals, Cement.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# 3. References

- 1. Smith P. G. and Scott J. S., "Dictionary of Water and Waste Management", Heinemann, Linacre House, Oxford 2005.
- 2. Barton S. N., "Industrial Waste: Management: Assessment and Environmental Issues", Nova Science Publishers, New York, 2016.
- 3. Patwardhan A. D., "Industrial Wastewater Treatment", PHI Learning, New Delphi, 2008.
- 4. Nemerow N. L., "Industrial Waste Treatment", Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, USA, 2007.

5. Rao M. N. and Datta A. K., "Wastewater Treatment", Oxford & IBH Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO2	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	1	3	3	3	3

### CEEN221ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEM MODELLING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand mathematical models with system definition and components.
CO2	Identify types of models and their applications
CO3	Select appropriate models for diffusion and dispersion of pollutants.
CO4	Develop simple models for transport and fate of different contaminants
CO5	Apply different soft computing techniques in environmental engineering.

# 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (8 Hours)

Mathematical modelling and simulation – Defining systems and its components – Types of models and their applications – Evaluation of models – Graphical analysis – Quantitative analysis – Sensitivity analysis – Uncertainty analysis.

# • TRANSPORT AND FATE OF CONTAMINANTS- FUNDAMENTALS (10 Hours)

Mass and energy balance – Advection – Molecular diffusion and dispersion – Chemical transformations - sorption/desorption - Photochemical transformations and Biological transformations.

#### • TRANSPORT AND FATE OF CONTAMINANTS - MODEL APPICATIONS (16 Hours)

Modelling approaches - Modelling of rivers-lakes, sediments, wetlands, subsurface flow and transport — Water dispersion models - Air pollution modelling - Modelling of volatilization, Models for activated sludge process — Anaerobic processes.

#### • INTRODUCTION TO SOFT COMPUTING TECHNIQUES

(11 Hours)

MCDM techniques - Analytic hierarchy process –Fuzzy set theory - Neural networks - Applications in environmental engineering.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# <u>3.</u> <u>References</u>

- 1. Ramaswami A., Milford J.B., Small M.J., "Integrated Environmental Modeling Pollutant Transport, Fate, and Risk in the Environment", John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 2. Klir G. J., Clair U. H., Yuan B., "Fuzzy Set Theory: Foundations and Applications", Prentice Hall, 1997.
- 3. Snape J.B., Dunn I.J., Ingham J. and Prenosil J., "Dynamics of environmental bioprocesses, modelling and simulation", Weinheim: VCH, 1995.
- 4. International Water Association, "Activated sludge modelling", ASM1 and ASM2
- 5. Chapra S.C., "Surface Water Quality Modeling", McGraw-Hil, Inc., New York, 1997.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	0	3	2	1	2
CO2	2	0	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

# CEEN222ENVIRONMENTAL ETHICS, LAW & POLICY

L	T	P	С
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand legal provisions and statutory requirement of environmental legislation.
CO2	Compare scientific facts and ethical / moral issues.
CO3	Synthesize the understanding of ethical principles and practices of argumentation.
CO4	Develop an understanding of how environmental policies and ethical systems can be conjoined.
CO5	Critically reflect on ethical thinking relevant to a moral, environment-focused life and actions.

### 2. Syllabus

#### • CURRENT PERSPECTIVES OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

**(09 Hours)** 

Present perspectives on practical environmental issues – Current practices of environmental solutions through engineering, technology, legislation etc – Need for environmental ethics in today's scenario – Introduction to Environmental Ethics – Pollution: The scientific vs. philosophical view.

#### • ETHICS vs. LAW, POLICY & MANAGEMENT

(14 Hours)

Moral Psychology, the environment and ethics – Religious and cultural views – Ethics and policy, ethics and management, ethics and law – Important Indian environmental legislation and acts such as Water Act-1974, Air Act-1981 – Important rules under Environment Protection Act (EPA) – 1986 such as Coastal Regulation Zone-1999, EIA Rules-1994& 2006 Amendment, Solid Waste Management Rules-2016, Biomedical Waste Rules-2016, Hazardous & Other Waste Rules-2016.

#### • INTERNATIONAL ISSUES AND ETHICS & LAWS

(12 Hours)

Solution of international global and local issues through environmental ethics – Ethics & Social Responsibility – Global Ecology and the Shadow of Development – The Global Ecological Crisis – Holistic Environmental Ethics – Towards Global Justice and Planetary Health.

Global environmental issues and environmental laws to control global warming, ozone depletion, acid rain, hazardous waste - International environmental laws and protocols such as Stockholm Conference, Montreal Protocol, Rio Earth Summit, Kyoto Summit.

#### • ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

(10 Hours)

National Environmental policy – Environmental guidelines and regulations – Environmental auditing, monitoring and reporting - Environmental labeling studies by Central / State bodies – Theory of corporate strategies – Beyond environmentalism and sustainability issues.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# 3.References

- 1. Singh G., "Environmental law in India", Macmillan India, New Delhi. 2005
- 2. Thakur K., "Environmental protection law and policy in India", Deep and Deep Publishers. Simla, 2007.
- 3. Relevant MoEF Notifications and CPCB / GPCB Acts & Rules. New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. Rolston H., "New Environmental Ethics: The Next Millennium for Life on Earth", Routledge, 2011

5. Pojman P. & Pojman L. P., "Environmental Ethics", Cengage Learning 2011.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	3	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	1	1	1	2
CO3	3	1	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	1	3	3	2	3

# CEEN223CLEANER PRODUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the concept of sustainable development.
CO2	Create the Env management plan for industry.
CO3	Encourage the industry for pollution prevention and cleaner production.
CO4	Develop the life cycle assessment of the product of industry.
CO5	Analyze the product in terms of environmental economics.

# 2. Syllabus

#### • ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT

**(08 Hours)** 

Concepts of Sustainable Development – Indicators of Sustainability – Sustainability – Strategies, Barriers to Sustainability – Resource degradation – Industrialization and Sustainable development – Socio economic policies for sustainable development

#### • CLEANER PRODUCTION

(08 Hours)

Clean development mechanism, cleaner Production (CP) in Achieving Sustainability – Principles and concepts of Cleaner Production – Role of Industry, Regulations to Encourage Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production – Regulatory versus Market-Based Approaches

# • ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM IN INDUSTRY

(10 Hours)

Source Reduction Techniques – Process and equipment optimization, reuse, recovery, recycle, raw material substitution – Preparing for the Site visits – Data and Information collection –Process Flow Diagram – Material Balance – CP Option Generation – Technical and Environmental Feasibility analysis – Economic valuation of alternatives – Total Cost Analysis – Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production Awareness Plan – Waste audit – Environmental Statement – Green house gases and carbon credit – Carbon sequestration – Sustainable development through trade – carbon trading.

#### • ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

(13 Hours)

Elements of Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) – Life Cycle Costing – Eco Labeling– Design for the Environment – International Environmental Standards – ISO 14001 – Environmental audit, Green building & green energy concepts and management – Industrial applications of CP, LCA, EMS and Environmental Audits – Green energy and green process management in Pharmaceutical, Construction, Textiles, Petroleum Refineries, Iron and Steel

#### ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

(06 Hours)

Introduction – economic tools for evaluation – Economic development and social welfare consideration in socio economic developmental policies and planning.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# 3. References

- 1. Bishop P. L., "Pollution Prevention: Fundamentals and Practice", McGraw Hill International. 2000
- World Bank Group, "Pollution Prevention and Abatement Handbook Towards Cleaner Production", World Bank and UNEP, Washington D.C. 1998
- 3. Modak P., Visvanathan C. and Parasnis M., "Cleaner Production Audit", Environmental System Reviews, No.38, Asian Institute of Technology, Bangkok. 1995

- 4. Kirkby, J.O., Keefe, P. and Timberlake, "Sustainable Development", Earthscan Publication, London. 1996
- 5. Purohit S. S., "Green Technology: An approach for sustainable environment", Agrobios Publications, India. 2008

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	3	2	1	2
CO3	2	1	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	1	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	3

# **OPEN ELECTIVE**

# CEEN232OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

L	T	P	С
3	0	0	3

# 1.Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify and explicate the inter-relationship of industries and the government in context to
	occupational health, environment and safety.
CO2	Understand the statutory requirement of safety and environmental legislation.
CO3	Apply theories and concepts of occupational health and safety for workplace environment.
CO4	Develop and implement safe operating procedures (SOPs) for various industrial activities.
CO5	Execute Health Safety Environment (HSE) policy and Environmental Management Systems.

### 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (05 Hours)

Safety – Safety and Productivity – Role of Government – National Safety Council – National Safety Awards – Housekeeping – Significance of occupation health in industries – Industries and environment protection.

#### • OCCUPATIONAL ENVIRONMENT – BASICS & STANDARDS

(13 Hours)

Working environment TYPES – Health impacts in an occupational environment – Effects of environmental factors on human body & mind – Basics of environment design - Improved efficiency and accuracy at work. ISO 14000 introduction – General description of ISO 14001 – Environment Management System (EMS) – Key elements of ISO 14001 and EMS.

# • SAFETY – PLANNING, STANDARDS AND LEGISLATION

**(10 Hours)** 

Safety Standards – HAZOP studies - ILO Model code of safety regulation / legislation – Risk Analysis – Risk Assessment – Indian Factories Act – Boiler Act – Electricity Act – Workman's compensation act - Purpose for planning – planning procedure – Range of plans – Safety policies – Elements and implementation of safety policy – Implementation – Disaster Management – On-site & Off-site emergency plan.

#### OCCUPATIONAL ERGONOMICS

**(07 Hours)** 

 $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{aligned} & Ergonomics - Human-body - Health - Posture - Workplace \ or \ office \ ergonomics - Ergonomics \ for \ women \ at \ work - physical \ work \ and \ environment - Anthropometry \end{aligned}$ 

#### • OCCUPATIONAL STRESS AND HEATH

(10 Hours)

Work related stress – Causes of stress – Signs of stress – Measurement of stress – Stress management systems – Prevention – Stress health and productivity – Occupational safety and health Act – Health program – First Aid.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# 3. References

- 1. Jain R. K. and Rao S. S., "Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi (2006)
- 2. Parashar& Bansal, "Industrial Safety and Environment", S.K. Kataria& sons, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Agrawal S. K., "Industrial Environment Assessment and Strategy", APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1996.

- 4. Slote L., "Handbook of Occupational Safety and Health", John Willey and Sons, New York
- 5. "Safety, health and working conditions: Training Manual", National Safety Council, Mumbai, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	0	3	2	1	2
CO2	2	0	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

### **OPEN ELECTIVE**

#### CEEN231APPLIED STATISTICS FOR ENGINEERS

]	L	T	P	C
	3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze and interpret engineering data.
CO2	Use hypothesis testing for various cases.
CO3	Apply different sampling distributions to engineering data.
CO4	Develop simple linear regression and correlation.
CO5	Design statistical experiments.

# 2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION (06 Hours)

Graphical presentation of data: dot and scatter plots – Frequency distribution and histogram – Box plot and time plots – Numerical distribution of data: Measures of Central tendency – Dispersion – Skewness and kurtosis – Measuring association – Grouped data.

#### • SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS

(10 Hours)

Random variables and expectation – Discrete and continuous random variables – Sampling distributions – Important discrete distributions – Binomial – Poisson and geometric distributions – Normal distribution – Central limit theorem.

#### PARAMETER ESTIMATION

(06 Hours)

Point estimation – Confidence interval estimation.

#### TESTS OF HYPOTHESIS

**(09 Hours)** 

Tests of hypothesis on single sample and two samples - Goodness of fit - Tests based on Normal - t - Chi-square - F distributions.

#### SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION AND CORRELATION

**(06 Hours)** 

One way and two way classification.

#### DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

**(08 Hours)** 

Completely randomized single factor experiment – Analysis of variance – Randomized block design – Latin square design –  $2^2$  factorial design.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours)

# 3. References:

- 1. Box G.E.P, Hunter J.S. and Hunter W.G., "Statistics for Experimenters", John Wiley and Sons, 2005
- 2. Berthouex P.M and Brown L.C., "Statistics for Environmental Engineers", CRC Press, 2002.
- 3. Freund J.E. and Miller I.R., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Prentice-Hall of India, 1994.
- 4. Walpole R.E. Myers R.H., Myers S.L. and Ye K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2002.

5. Johnson D. E., "Applied multivariate methods for data analysis", Thomson & Duxbburg Press, Singapore, 2002.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	3	3	2	2
CO2	1	1	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	2	3

# **OPEN ELECTIVE**

# CEEN230ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION AND IMPACT ASSESSMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

# 1 Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Interpret and explain the objectives and scope of EIA.
CO2	Categorize the importance of environmental attributes.
CO3	Describe the legal provisions and statutory requirement of environmental clearance.
CO4	Calculate the identification and prediction of environmental impacts of new/expansion projects.
CO5	Formulate an EIA for any given project.

# 2 Syllabus

#### • IMPACT ASSESSMENT: TYPES AND SIGNIFICANCE

(03 Hours)

Types of impacts, significant impacts, various impact assessments viz. health impact assessment, social impact assessment, disaster impact assessment, strategic environmental assessment.

#### • EIA: INTRODUCTION & PLANNING

**(06 Hours)** 

Evolution of EIA; EIA at project; regional and policy levels; EIA legislative and environmental clearance procedures in India; EIA Rules-1994 and subsequent amendments, Rapid and Comprehensive EIA.

#### • EIA: METHODOLOGIES AND STRATEGIES

(13 Hours

Screening, baseline data collection, environmental inventory of physical, biological and socio-economic environment attributes, terms of reference, scoping, identification of impacts, rapid and comprehensiveEIA, monitoring, analysis and report preparation in EIA, impact prediction tools / techniques such as adhocmethod, checklist method, development of environment management plan, post project monitoring.

#### PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

(03 Hours)

Project Affected Persons, significance of public participation in EIA, methods of public consultation – Public Notice and Public Hearing, Resettlement and rehabilitation issues, Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013.

#### • EIA CASE STUDIES

(10 Hours)

Case studies / histories for different types of projects like metro rail project, nuclear power project, large hydro-electric power project, pharmaceutical industry, township and area development projects.

#### • NATIONAL ACTS & RULES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (10 Hours)

Indian environmental legislation and acts such as Water Act-1974, Air Act-1981, Wildlife Protection Act-1972, Forest Conservation Act-1980, Public Liability Insurance Act 1991, Environment Protection Act (EPA) – 1986; Various Rules under EPA-1986 such as Biomedical Waste Rules-1998 2016, Coastal Regulation Zone-1999, Municipal Solid Waste rules, Hazardous Waste Rules-2016, Noise Regulation & Control Rules-2000, National Green Tribunal, NGT Act-2010, Case studies of landmark judgements given by NGT and various Courts.

(Total Lectures: 42Hours)

# 3 References

1 Larry W. Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", Tata McGraw Hill Co, Singapore, 1996.

- 2 Munn R.E., "Environmental Impact Assessment", John Wiley & Sons, Toronto, 1979
- 3 Suresh K. Dhameja, "Environmental Engineering and Management", S. K. Kataria& Sons, Delhi. 2004.
- 4 Relevant MoEF&CC Notifications and CPCB Acts & Rules:
- 5 Weblinks 1) https://cpcb.nic.in/index.php 2) https://moef.gov.in/en/rules-and-regulations/environment-protection/ 3) https://cpcb.nic.in/general-standards/

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	1	2
CO3	1	3	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	1	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

# **OPEN ELECTIVE**

#### CEEN233WASTE-TO-ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify waste characteristics with respect to waste- to-energy technologies.
CO2	Compare different waste-to-energy technologies with respect to its applicability.
CO3	Evaluate waste-to-energy technologies with respect to sustainability perspective.
CO4	Design biological waste-to-energy systems.
CO5	Design thermal waste-to-energy systems.

### 2. Syllabus

#### • CHARACTERIZATION OF SOLID WASTES

(10 hours)

Wastes and their classification, Important quality parameters, Wastes suitable for energy production, Municipal solid wastes and their availability in India, Characterisation of solid wastes, proximate and ultimate analysis, leaching properties, Energy content and heating value.

#### • INCINERATION AND GASIFICATION

(11 hours)

Incineration scope and application, Mechanism, air requirements, Performance factors, Feedstock characteristics, Incinerator working, Environmental impacts and issues, Basics of gasification, gasification products, syngas, gasifier types, Gasifiers for biomass and wastes, Comparison between incineration and gasification, Syngas utilization.

#### PYROLYSIS, GAS PURIFICATION

(09 hours)

Mechanism, types, operating conditions, end products, properties of bio-oil, Densification of solids, efficiency improvement of power plant and energy production from waste plastics. Properties of gas produced through different routes, Gas clean up, removal of particulates.

#### ANAEROBIC PROCESSES

(09 hours)

Anaerobic processes fundamentals, microbiology, pathways, pre-treatment, types and operation of anaerobic digester, Design of anaerobic digesters, Introduction to microbial fuel cells. Energy production from wastes through fermentation.

#### ALGAL BIOMASS AND ENERGY PRODUCTION

(06 hours)

Characteristics of algal biomass, Cultivation and growth of algae, Reactor systems and harvesting, Bio fuel production from algal biomass, Conversion processes, Factors affecting yield, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalyst.

(Total Lectures: 42Hours)

# <u>3.</u> <u>References</u>

- 1. Rogoff M. J. and Screve F., "Waste-to-Energy: Technologies and Project Implementation", Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2019.
- 2. Young G. C., "Municipal Solid Waste to Energy Conversion Processes", John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, 2010.
- 3. Harker J. H. and Backhusrt J. R., "Fuel and Energy", Academic Press Inc., Cambridge, 1981.

- 4. Peavy H. S., Rowe D. R. and Tchobanoglous G., "Environmental Engineering", McGraw-Hill International Edition, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. Tchobanoglous G. and Kreith F., "Handbook of Solid Waste Management", McGraw-Hill, New York, 2002.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	2	2	3

# **OPEN ELECTIVE**

# CECS203AI/ML BASED APPPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

L	T	P	Credit
3	0	0	3

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Comprehend the basic principles of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) algorithms.
CO2	Understanding Data collection & management tools & techniques for AI/ML application to Civil
	Engineering.
CO3	Derive the need and benefits of using AI/ML algorithms for developing applications in Civil
	Engineering using big-data analysis.
CO4	Solve the real-life problems in Civil Engineering using real-time data collection and big-data analysis
	involving AI/ML tools.
CO5	Evaluate the performance of different AI/ML algorithms towards a given application in civil
	engineering.

# 2. Syllabus

#### • INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING

(8 hours)

Machine Learning Basics: Data Collection, Data Management, Big data, taxonomy of machine learning algorithms, Supervised Learning: Classification — Bayesian Classifier, K-nearest Neighbours, Regression— Linear Regression, Multivariate Regression, Logistic regression. Support Vector Machine (SVM) Algorithm. Unsupervised Learning: Clustering— K-means clustering algorithm and Hierarchical clustering algorithm. Reinforcement Learning: Q-Learning algorithm.

#### • DATA COLLECTION APPARATUSES

(8 hours)

Type of data sources, Types of data, Types of sensors, Edge-devices, Introduction to microcontrollers, data communication protocols, Cloud storage and cloud computing, Local server setup, Cloud server setup, Introduction to Python, Introduction to Django server, Database setup.

#### • APPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

**(15 hours)** 

Intelligent Transportation systems, smart mobility, shared mobility, Mobility as a Service (MaaS), Real-time data monitoring, Structural health monitoring, Fire resistance evaluation of structures, automation in water resource management, Water quality monitoring, water distribution system monitoring, air and noise pollution monitoring, Rainfall-runoff modelling, Climate change monitoring, Soil liquefaction, Forecasting foundation related parameters, Building occupancy modelling, Building information modelling, Energy demand prediction, Predictive maintenance of equipment, roads and buildings

# • APPLICATION PART I: DATA COLLECTION AND MANAGEMENT (7 hours)

Image processing for real time applications in Civil Engineering, Description of

available database across specialisations, Selection of sensors and microcontroller, Integration of sensors with Edge-device, Programming of Edge-devices, Programming of server in Django framework, Collection of sensor data and storing to Database, Cloud computing

# • APPLICATION PART II: BIG DATA ANALYSIS (7 hours)

Selecting the appropriate ML algorithm for analysis, Data Processing, Analysing the importance of each variable in decision making, and Analysis of processed data.

(Total Lecture : 45 Hours)

# 3. References:

- 1. Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar"Machine Learning using Python", Wiley.
- 2. Deka P C,A"Primer on Machine Learning Applications in Civil Engineering" Taylor & Francis.
- 3. Charles R. Farrar, Structural Health Monitoring: A Machine Learning Perspective, Keith Worden, Wiley.
- 4. John Soldatos"Building Blocks for IoT Analytics", Athens Information Technology, Greece, River Publishers.
- 5. SamuliNatri."Django The Easy Way" (2nd Edition),
- 6. Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan-Moss"The Django Book (Release 2.0)" 2013.
- 7. Benjamin J. R., Cornell C. A., "Probability Statistics and Decision for Civil Engineers", McGraw-Hill, 1970.
- 8. Simon P. Washington, Matthew G. Karlaftis, Fred, Mannering L., "Statistical and Econometric Methods for Transportation Data Analysis", CRC Press, Second Edition, 2010.
- 9. Richard A. Johnson, Dean W. Wichern, "Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1992.

### 4. Other Material:

1. Arduino-ESP32 (Release 2.0.2), Espressif, 2022.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

# CEEN203ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify suitable treatment processes for a given water and wastewater.
CO2	Apply physico-chemical and biological processes for water and wastewater treatment.
CO3	Characterize solid waste.
CO4	Determine air pollutants concentration in ambient air.
CO5	Determine first order and second order kinetics.

# 2. Syllabus

#### **Practicals:**

- 1. Determination of coagulant dosage.
- 2. Determination of BOD rate constant
- 3. Filtration Performance Studies
- 4. Adsorption kinetics and equilibrium
- 5. Settling characteristics of solids
- 6. Removal of heavy metals by precipitation
- 7. pH Buffers and Buffering capacity
- 8. Study of Wastewater Disinfection
- 9. Study of Water Softening Process
- 10. Aeration and Coefficient of Aeration
- 11. Determination of MLSS and MLVSS
- 12. Study of Activated Sludge Process
- 13. Analysis of solid wastes Proximate and ultimate analysis
- 14. Characterization of wastes from different industries
- 15. Demonstration of Stack monitoring kit.
- 16. Analysis and calculation of SPM, RSPM, SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> for ambient air quality.
- 17. Demonstration and application of sound level meter

(Total: 60Hours)

# 3. References

- 1. Sawyer C.N., McCarty P.L., and Parkin G.F., "Chemistry for Environmental Engineers", 4th Edn. McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Benefield, Judkins and Weand, "Process Chemistry for Water and Wastewater Treatment", 2nd edition Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1980.
- 3. Rittman B., McCarty P.L. and McCarty P., "Environmental Biotechnology: Principles and Applications", 2nd edition, McGraw–Hill, 2000.
- 4. De. A.K., "Environmental Chemistry", New Age International Ltd., New Delhi, 1995.
- 5. "Standards Methods for the Examination of Water & Waste water", 21<sup>st</sup> Edition, American Public health Association, Washington. D.C. 2005.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	2	2	3

# CEEN204 ENVIRONMENTAL MODELLING AND SOFTWARE LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Use GIS software for real world environmental problems.
CO2	Develop proficiency in framing research questions, creating hypotheses, collecting and arranging
	data and designing models to test hypotheses.
CO3	Enhance critical thinking and analytical skills in identifying, defining and articulating environmental
	phenomena and problems.
CO4	Utilize wide range of computer softwares for modelling various real world environmental problems.
CO5	Understand the fate and transport of water, air, noise and land pollution.

# 2. Syllabus

- 1. Introduction of various modelling tools in the field of environmental engineering.
- 2. Modelling chlorine residual decay rate with EPA-NET.
- 3. Surface water quality modelling using softwares like DELFT3D, QUAL2kw, WASP, MIKE21.
- 4. Ground water quality modelling using softwares like MODFLOW.
- 5. Waste water and sewer modelling using softwares like Sewer Gem.
- 6. Source apportionment studies.
- 7. Air quality modelling using softwares like CALINE-4, AERMOD, CALPUFF.
- 8. Preparation of mass balance.
- 9. Preparation of water balance.
- 10. Models for activated sludge process
- 11. Anaerobic processes AQUASIM.
- 12. Models for chemical kinetics GINAFIT.
- 13. Development of noise maps.
- 14. Design of noise barriers using mathematical models and softwares.

# (Total: 60Hours)

# 3. References

- 1. Nirmalkhandan N., "Modelling Tools for Environmental Engineers and Scientists", CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida. (2001)
- 2. Benarie Michel M, "Urban air pollution modelling", The Macmillan Press Ltd., London, 1980.
- 3. Dunnivant F.M. and Anders E., "A Basic Introduction to Pollutant Fate and Transport", John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey. (2006)
- 4. Ford, "Modelling the Environment", Island Press, Washington, DC. (1999)
- 5. Information catalogues of various softwares like SoundPLAN, CALINE-4, QUAL2K, AERMOD.

PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
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CO1	2	0	3	2	1	2
CO2	2	0	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3

# <u>SEMESTER – III</u>

# **CEEN301GROUP PROJECT**

L	T	P	С
0	0	4	2

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Inculcate the culture of working in group
CO2	Identify a field problem related to environmental issues.
CO3	Compare different methods/solutions through literature review/experiments.
CO4	Design and implement optimum/sustainable solution.

• Students in consultation with the faculty advisor will decide a specific problem and are required to study and analyse the assigned problem. They are required to submit a project report at the end. The faculty adviser and the department committee will internally assess project.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	0	0	3	2
CO2	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	2	3	3

### **CEEN302 SUMMER TRAINING**

L	T	P	C
0	0	0	2

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Conduct onsite industrial visit for comprehensive field exposure.
CO2	Obtain practical knowhow about processes, emissions and discharges.
CO3	Understand the work culture and environment of industry.
CO4	Identify the environmental engineering problems related to industry.

- The intention of summer training is to develop the effective skills of the student and to expose them with actual problems faced in the industry. The students have to undergo the summer training during the period of summer vacation after completion of first year. The minimum duration of training is at least 6 weeks.
- Students will identify a suitable industry / consultant firm in consultation with the faculty advisor and study the relevant environmental issues. The student has to submit a training report, with duly signed certificate of the industry / consultant firm, where the training/practical/experimental work has been carried out. The evaluation of the report will be carried out by the department level committee.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	2	0	1	1
CO2	3	1	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	1	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3

# **CEEN303 DISSERTATION PRELIMINARY**

L	L T		C	
0	0	12	6	

# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify and investigate problems related to environmental issues.
CO2	Conduct the comprehensive literature review.
CO3	Propose the methodology for the identified problem.
CO4	Collate the information to prepare a report.

- Dissertation will be taken up by the student after the completion of the second semester. This is aimed at training the students to analyze independently problem assigned to them. The work may be analytical, experimental, design or combination of these.
- The dissertation preliminary report is expected to display clarity of thought, critical appreciation of the existing literature and analytical and / or experimental or design skill.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	2	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	2	3	3

# **SEMESTER – IV**

#### **CEEN401 DISSERTATION**

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# 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze the preliminary results and if required, modify the proposed methodology.
CO2	Conduct extensive analytical / modelling / experimental / field work.
CO3	Propose effective sustainable solution for identified problem.
CO4	Prepare a comprehensive report and communicate through a skillful presentation.

- It is the continuation of the Dissertation preliminary. The Dissertation report is to be submitted at the end of the fourth semester.
- The main objective of dissertation work is to provide scope for original and independent study/research, to develop a theme and to demonstrate ability of using analytical approach independently. The theme or topic of dissertation should be within the framework of P.G. Programme.
- Dissertation report will be prepared by each student under the supervision of the faculty advisor and will be submitted within the specified time. The evaluation of dissertation will be based on continuous internal and external assessment comprising of presentation of the work and vivavoce examination.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1	3	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	1	3	3	3	1	3